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INNOVATION
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Complexity Management through Architecture Patterns



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Chief Architect

As part of my job, I work closely with teams to

1. Help achieve technology goals
2. Roadmap technology strategy
3. Establish market position
4. Oversee important technology initiatives.

I often address following concerns

1. Each business is different, it involves unique complexity, because ...
2. How complex is our architecture?
3. We need a microservice architecture?



Problem Statement:

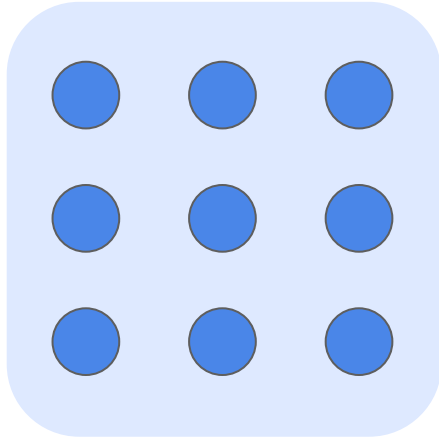
Matching architecture complexity to
business complexity

- **Business Complexity**
 - **Difficulty** involved in **managing** and **operating business**.
 - Factors
 - **Product** and services **diversity**
 - **Regulatory environment**
 - Scope of operations

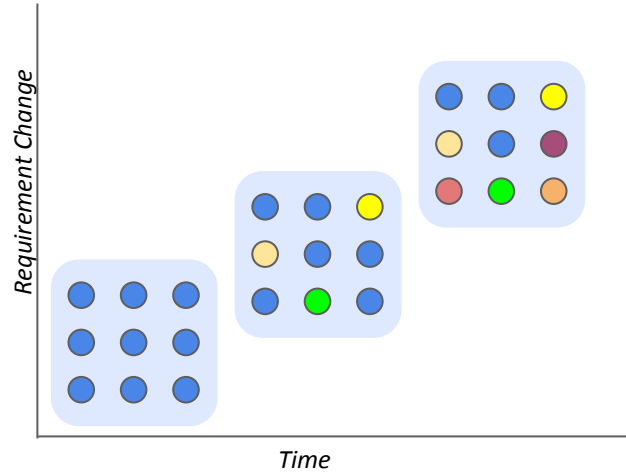


- **Software Architecture Complexity**
 - **Difficulty** involved in **designing**, **implementing** and **maintaining**.
 - Factors
 - **components** **interact and communicate with one another**.
 - **size, scope, requirements** of the software system,
 - **technologies**
 - **programming languages** used to build it.

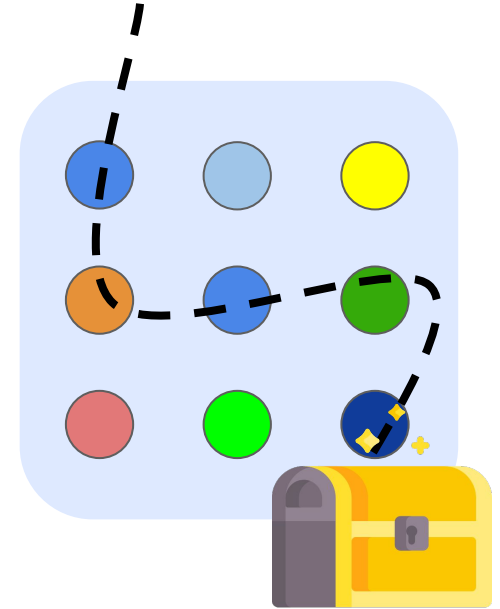




Substance Complexity
Number of different components or processes required to build a product



Dynamic Complexity
Rate of change in components or process in product / service



Psychological Complexity
Human interaction and behaviour with in a system



Business Complexity

e-Commerce Portal		Internet Banking	
Website to buy and sell products	A digital platform that allows users to perform various financial activities and transactions	Regulatory compliance, security management, and the need for robust infrastructure	Account management, deposits, withdrawals, transfers, investments
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. New Product Category and attributes. 2. Search & Browse User flows 3. Product configurations 4. New Payment Methods 5. New Shipping Methods 6. New Geographies 7. New Tax Implications on goods 8. New Product Vendors 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Product Catalog 2. Inventory Management 3. Pricing Management 4. Payment Processing 5. Shipping & Logistic 6. Returns Management 7. Marketing and Personalization 8. User Profile Management 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Security Features 2. Bill Payments 3. Integrations with third party. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fund Transfers 2. Bill Payments 3. Loan Management 4. Investment Management 5. Wealth Management 6. Personal Finance 7. Trading Account 8. TAX Payments 9. Customer Service 10. Security Management
processing, payment gateways, shipping logistics, marketing.	usability, personalization, recommendations	KYC, AML	
Moderate Substance Complexity	High Dynamic Complexity	High Substance Complexity	Low Dynamic Complexity

Summary

The complexity of the business often drives the complexity of the underlying architecture, as the architecture must be designed to accommodate the various components and interactions of the business.

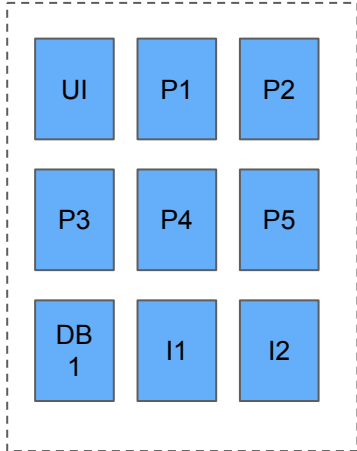


Architecture Patterns

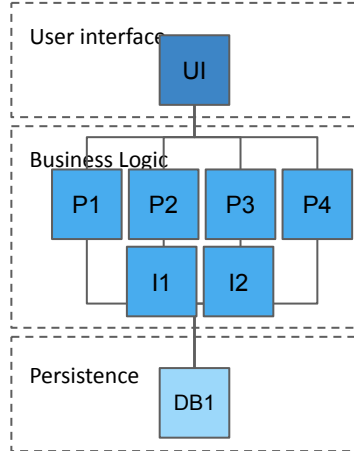
	Complexity of Architecture	Effort Required to Handle Complexity of Business Requirements
Substance Complexity	Number of independently deployable components	Effort Required to Add Features
Dynamic Complexity	Flexibility of components	Effort Required to Change Features

Conventional Architectural Models

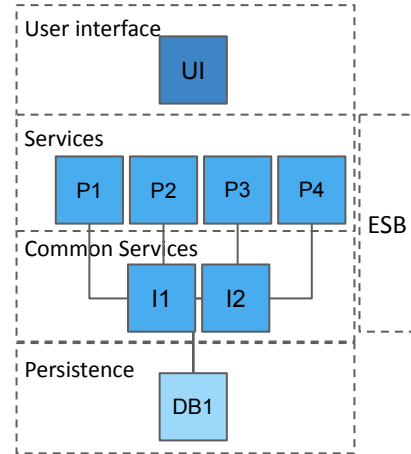
Monolithic



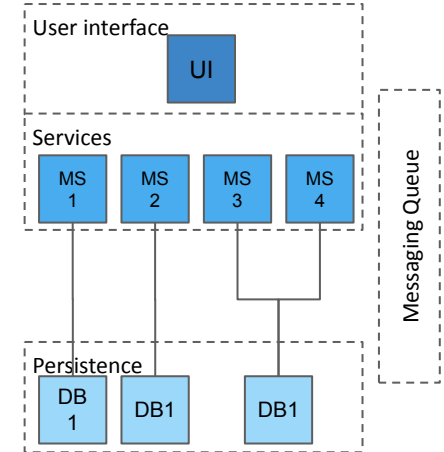
Layered



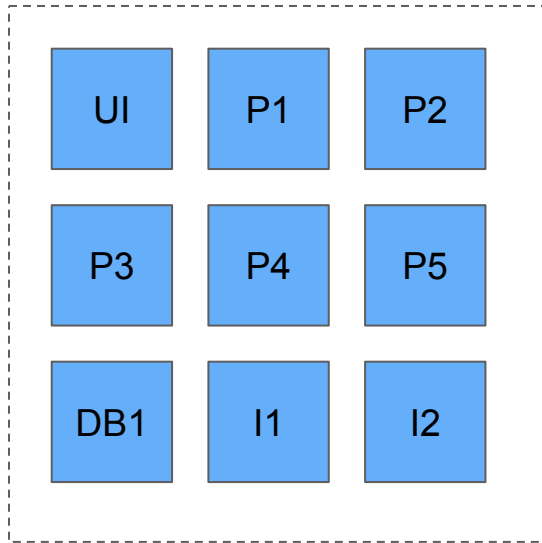
Service Oriented



Microservices



Conventional Architecture Models are implemented based on the required level of business complexity



Substance Complexity

All the components are packaged together into a single, tightly-coupled application.

Dynamic Complexity

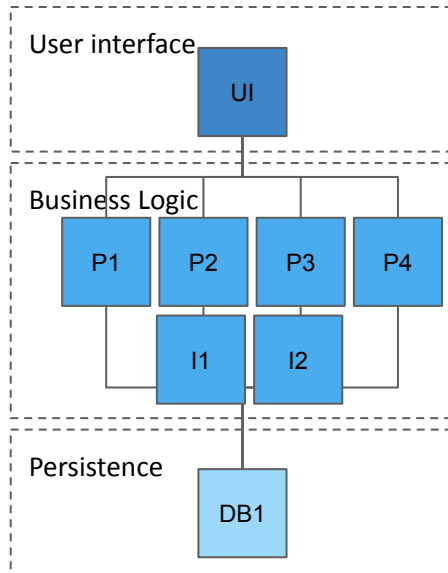
Difficult to manage and scale the interactions and dependencies between the components. Any change require extensive testing

Monolithic Architecture	Complexity of Architecture	Effort to Handle Complexity of Business Requirements
Substance Complexity	Low (Typically single deployable unit)	High
Dynamic Complexity	Low (Any change requires extensive testing)	High

Suitable for Business

low rate of change are those that operate in stable and predictable environments, and can typically rely on more traditional and established architectures to meet their needs

- Traditional Manufacturing Companies
- Utilities
- Government Agencies



Substance Complexity

The architecture separates different components or layers into distinct and modular units.

Dynamic Complexity

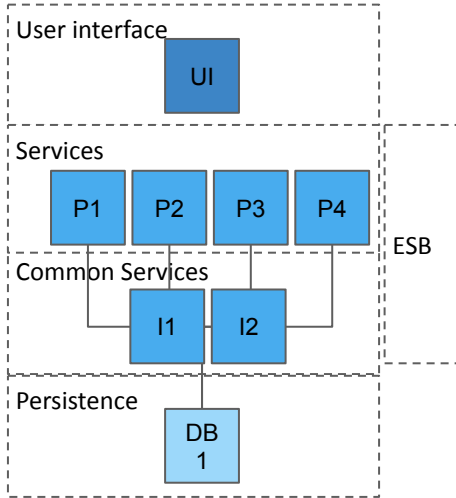
Layers in a system communicate via defined interfaces. Changing requirements or functionality of each layer can alter the system's behavior, affecting the entire system

Layered Architecture	Complexity of Architecture	Effort to Handle Complexity of Business Requirements
Substance Complexity	Moderate	High
Dynamic Complexity	Low	High

Suitable for Business

Overall, businesses with low substance complexity and moderate dynamic complexity are those that require architectures that are responsive, scalable, and flexible enough to handle periodic updates or changes to the application logic, but do not require rapid changes to the application behavior.

- Low Traffic e-Commerce
- Online booking
- CRM



Substance Complexity

while it simplifies the overall architecture by breaking it down into smaller components, it still requires expertise and management to ensure that the system functions correctly and meets the desired requirements.

Dynamic Complexity

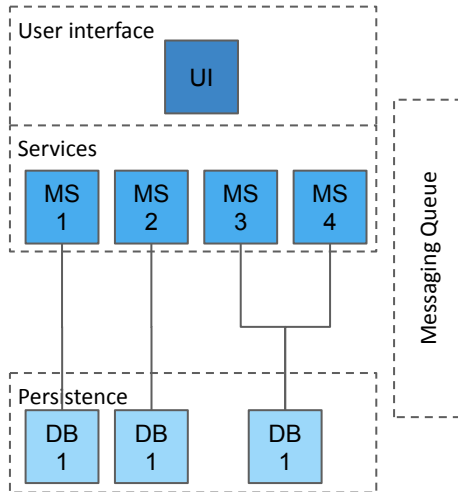
it allows for flexibility and adaptability, it still requires careful management and ongoing maintenance to ensure that the system functions correctly and meets the desired requirements.

SOA	Complexity of Architecture	Effort to Handle Complexity of Business Requirements
Substance Complexity	Moderate (3 or more deployable units)	High
Dynamic Complexity	Moderate (Any change requires extensive testing)	Moderate

Suitable for Business

Typically businesses that involve relatively straightforward products or services with some degree of regulation or management complexity.

- Education
- Real Estate



Substance Complexity

Microservices break down a system into small, independent services responsible for specific functions. Services communicate through APIs, providing scalability

Dynamic Complexity

Each service in a microservices architecture is responsible for a specific function. It is predictable how changes in one service may affect the behavior of the entire system

Microservice	Complexity of Architecture	Effort to Handle Complexity of Business Requirements
Substance Complexity	High	Low
Dynamic Complexity	Low	Low

Businesses with high Substance and Dynamic Complexity.

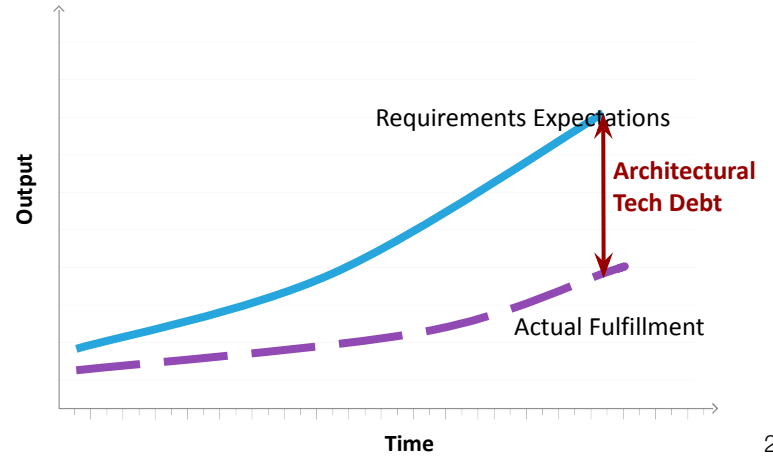
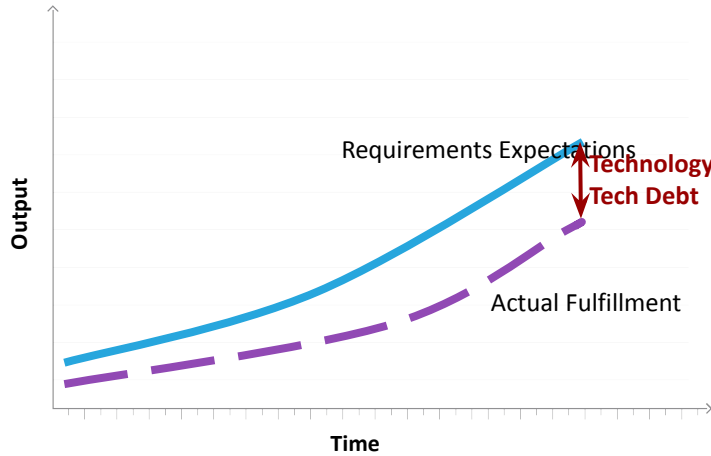
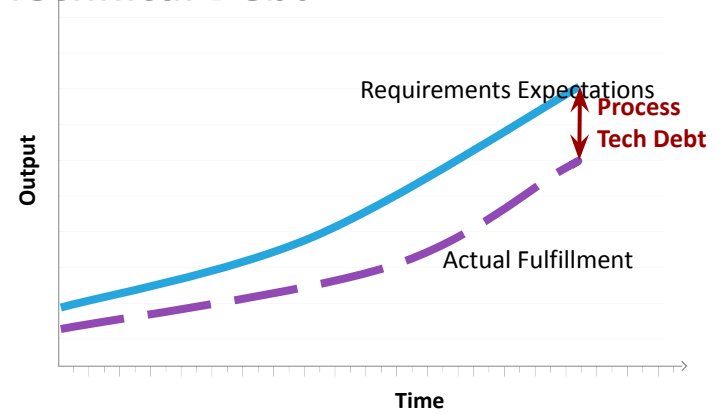
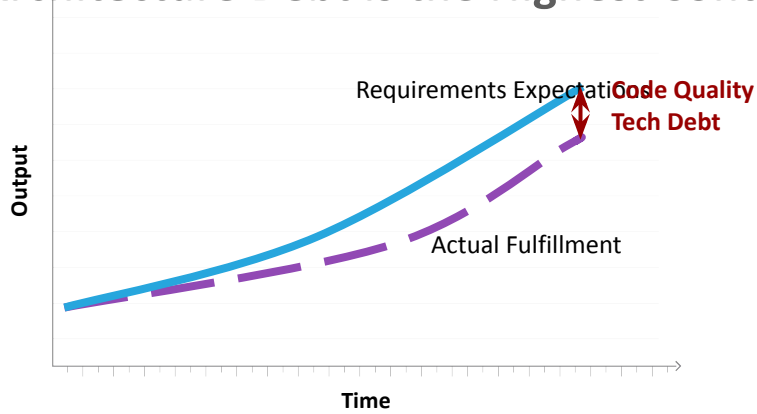
Businesses that deal with large-scale, complex systems and processes that are subject to constant rapid change.

- Banking
- High Traffic e-commerce
- Telecommunications.

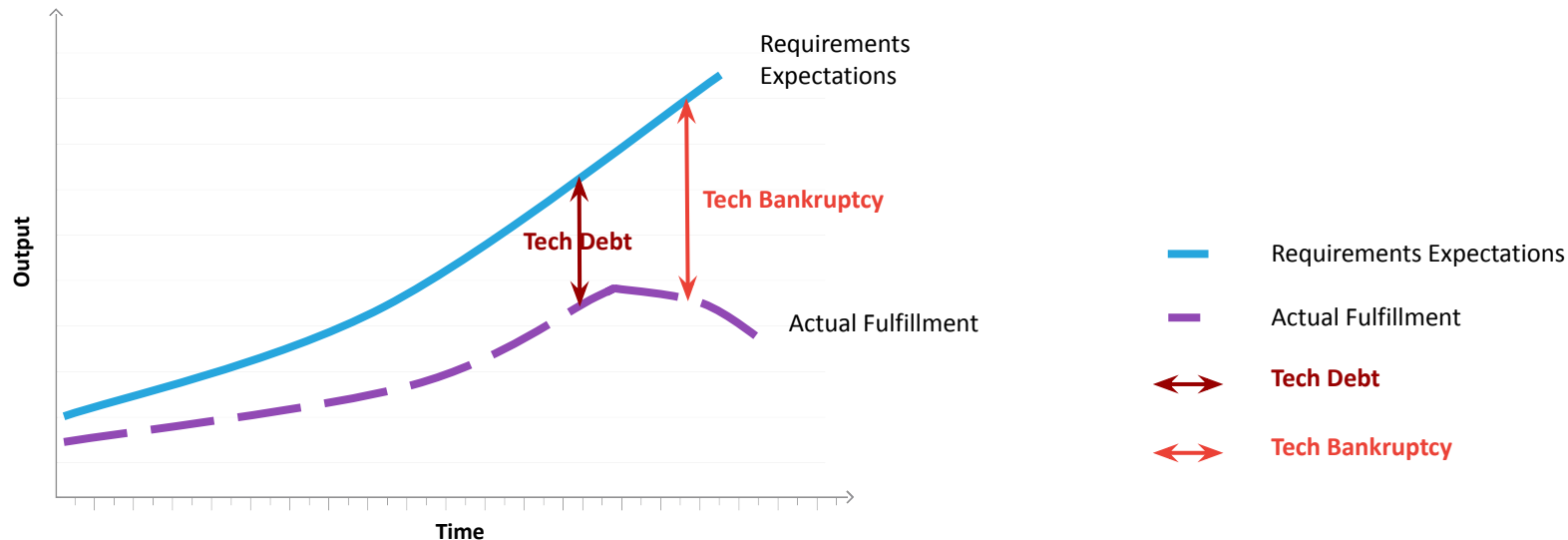
Mapping of Architecture Complexity and Business Complexity

Architectural Pattern	Substance Complexity		Dynamic Complexity		Suitable Business Conditions
	Architectural Complexity	Effort / Business Complexity	Architectural Complexity	Effort / Business Complexity	
Monolithic	Low	High	Low	High	Stable, predictable e.g. manufacturing
Layered	Moderate	High	Low	High	Periodic update E.g. niche ecom, crm,
Service Oriented	Moderate	High	Moderate	Moderate	Some degree of regulation and management e.g education, realstate
Microservices	High	Low	High	Low	Constant rapid change Large Scale E.g. banking, high-traffic ecom

Architecture Debt is the Highest Contributor to Technical Debt



Architectural Technical Debt can cause Technical Bankruptcy

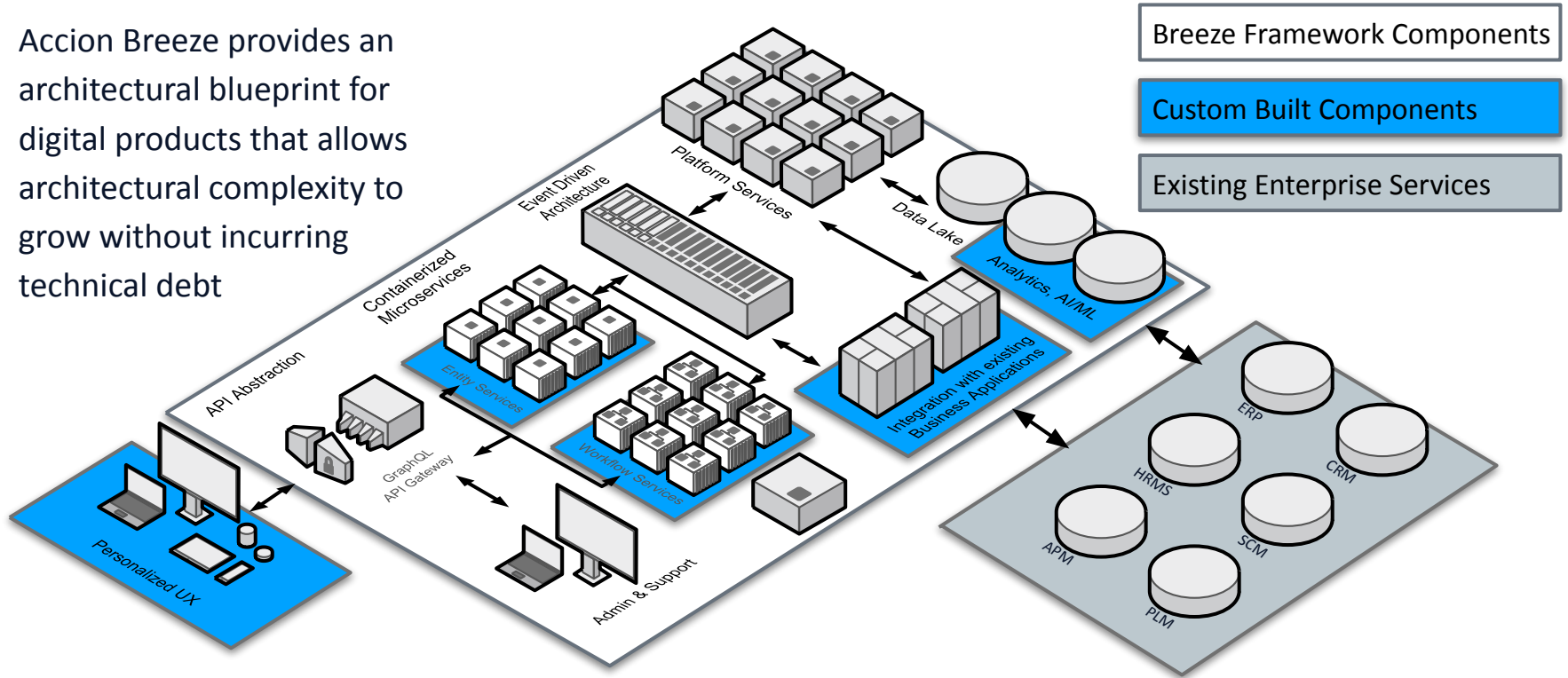


Technical Bankruptcy occurs when system starts delivering negative Output as the time and efforts are consumed in fixing the system complexity (entropy / tech debt)

Architectural misalignment is the primary cause of Technical Bankruptcy

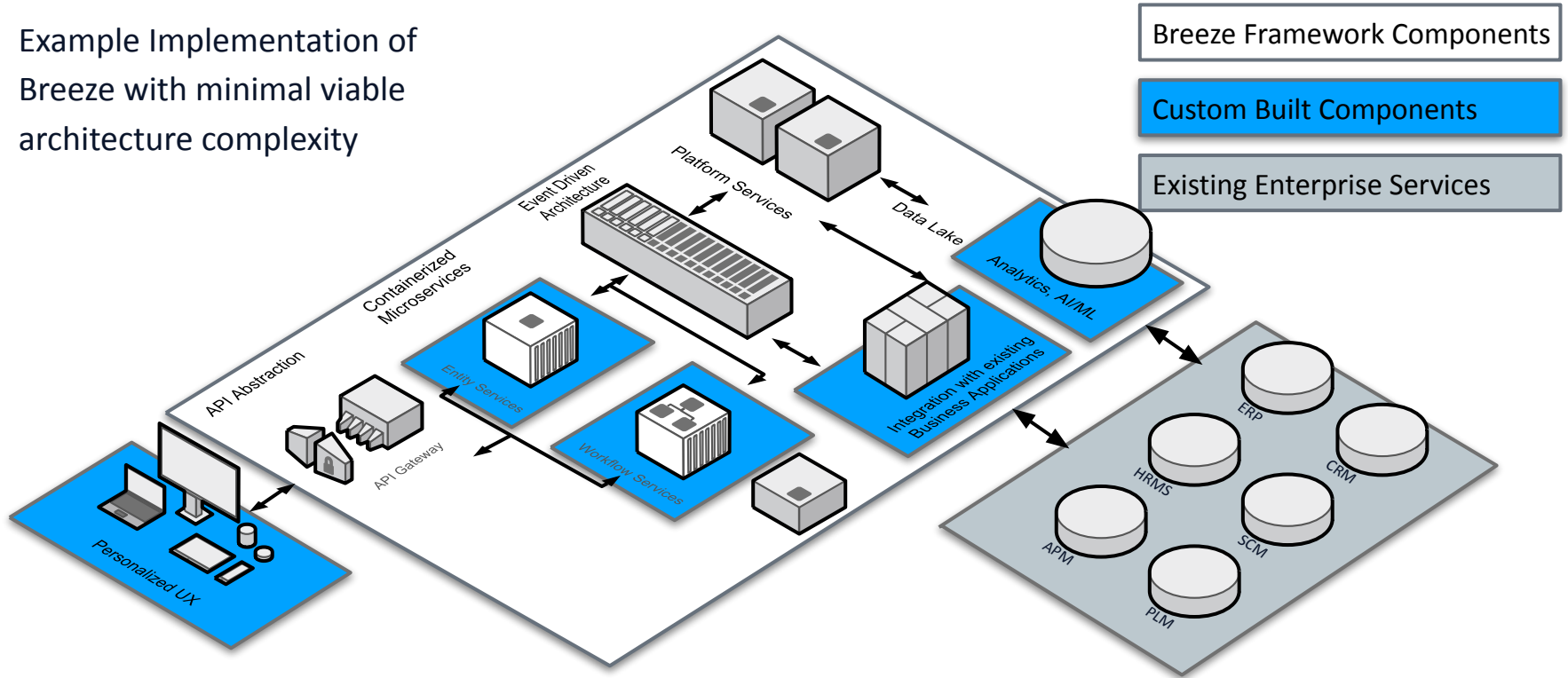
Accion Breeze - Digital Product Architecture Blueprint

Accion Breeze provides an architectural blueprint for digital products that allows architectural complexity to grow without incurring technical debt



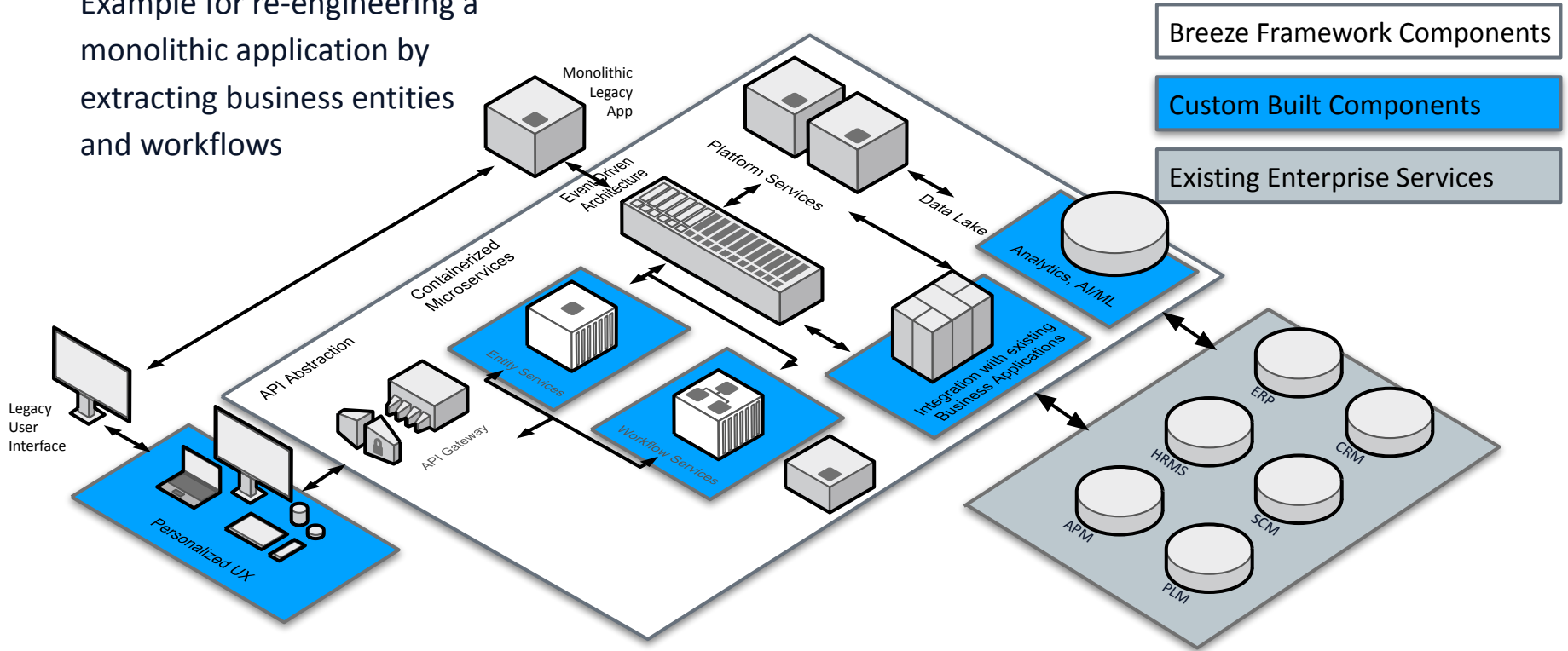
Accion Breeze - Minimum Viable Architecture Complexity

Example Implementation of Breeze with minimal viable architecture complexity



Accion Breeze - Re-engineering Path of Least Complexity

Example for re-engineering a monolithic application by extracting business entities and workflows





Thank you